Data Sheet For TYSONIC 9v low-discharge Cell

System	Sealed rechargeable	
	Ni-MH cylindrical Battery	
Туре	LH020-H7C(LF)	
Specification		
Nominal voltage		
Weight approx		
Capacity (20°C, 0.2 C to 7.0V)		
Typical	210 mAh (for reference only)	
Min	200 mAh	
Charging conditions (20 $^{\circ}$ C)		
Standard charge	20 mA $ imes$ 16 hrs	
Fast charge*	up to 200 mA	
(DT/dt=0.8~1 $^\circ\mathrm{C}$ /min, - ΔV =0~5 mV/cell , TCO=45-50 $^\circ\mathrm{C}$, T	imer=110%)	
Permanent chdrge	6 mA to 10 mA	
Max. overcharge current	20 mA (up to 1 year)	
Discharge conditions		
Discharge cut-off Voltage	7.0 V	
Max. discharge current (continuous)	600 mA	
Storage temperatures (relative humidity :65 \pm 20%)		
Storage(1 year)	20°C to + 25°C	
Storage(6 month)	20°C to + 35°C	
Storage(1 month)	20°C to + 45°C	
Storage(1 week)		
Operation temperatures (relative humidity: $65 \pm 20\%$)		
Discharge	20°C to +60°C	
Standard charge	0°C to +45°C	
Fast charge	+10°C to +40°C	
Permanent charge	0°C to +45°C	

1. CHARACTERISTICS

Unless special stated, tests should be carried out within one month of delivery.

Ambient conditions:

Ambient Temperature: $20 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C

Relative Humidity: $65 \pm 20\%$ RH

Notes:1) Standard charge/discharge

Charge: 20 mA (0.1It) \times 16 hr

Discharge: 40 mA (0.2lt) to 7.0V

2) Except special explaining, the battery shall not leakage and PVC shall not breakage during the test.

Test Items	Test Conditions	Requirements	Remark
Capacity	Standard Charge and Discharge	Discharge Capacity: ≥200 mAh	Up to three cycles are allowed
Open-circuit Voltage (OCV)	Voltage between the battery terminals shall be measured within 1 hour after standard charge	≥8.75V	
High-rate discharge(1It)	After standard charge, rest for 1 hour before discharge to 7.0V at 200 mA current	≥50 minutes	Up to three cycles are allowed
Internal impedance(Ri)	Upon fully charge (1KHZ)	$\leq 1200 \text{m} \Omega / \text{pack}$	
IEC cycle life	IEC61951-2/2003 7.4.1.1(See Remark 1)	\geq 500 cycles	
Self- discharge	Standard charged ,stored for 180days below 20°C, then standard discharge to 7.0V	Discharge Capacity: ≥85%original capacity★	
	Standard charged ,stored for 360days below 20°C, then standard discharge to 7.0V	Discharge Capacity: ≥80%original capacity★	
Over-charge	Charge at 20 mA (0.1 lt) for 1 year.	No leakage, nor disrupt, nor burst.	
Over- discharge	 (1) Standard charge and discharge for 3cycles , (2) Conducted with constant load resistor 210 Ω for 3days (3) Then standard charge and discharge 	Discharge Capacity: ≥80% original capacity	Up to three cycles are allowed
Vibration resistance	Standard charge. Then leave for 24 hours, check cell before / after vibration. Ampliture: 1.5 mm Vibration: 3000 CPM	Change of voltage $\Delta V < 0.02V/$ cell Change of internal impedance $\Delta R < 5 \text{ m } \Omega /$ cell	Any direction for 30 minutes

Test Items	Test Conditions	Requirements	Remark
Drop resistance	Charge the battery at 0.1lt for 15hours. Then leave for 24 hours, check battery before / after dropped. Height: 100 cm Thickness of the wooden board : 30 mm	Change of voltage $\Delta V < 0.02V/$ cell Change of internal impedance $\Delta R < 5m \Omega /$ cell No breakage except impact point for PVC sleeves	Direction is not specified, Test for 3 times
Safety	The Reverse-charge is conducted for 60 minutes at current of 1.0lt after pre-discharge at 0.2 It current to 0V	The battery shall not explode, but leakage & deformation are acceptable	
External Short Circuit	After standard charge, short circuit the cell at 20+/-5 °C until the cell temperature returns to ambient temperature. (The resistance of the inter-connecting circuitry shall not exceed 0.10hm.)	The battery shall not fire and explode, but leakage & deformation are acceptable	External Short Circuit

 \star If the ambient temperature is changed, the date may be different from the above value.

*REMARK:

1. Cycle life: IEC61951-2(2003) 7.4.1.1

Cycles	Charge	rest	Discharge	
1	$0.1I_t imes 16hrs$	0	0.25 It $ imes$ 2hrs 20mins	
2~48	0.25 I _t $ imes$ 3hrs 10mins	0	0.25 It $ imes$ 2hrs 20mins	
49	0.25 It $ imes$ 3hrs 10mins	0	0.25 It to 1.0V/cell	
50	$0.1 I_t \times 16 hrs$	1~4hrs	0.20 It to 1.0V/cell	
Repeat 1 to 50 cycles, until the discharge time of any 50th cycle is less than 3hrs				

2. COSMETIC

Batteries should be without any flaw, stain, discoloration or leakage and deformation.

3. CAUTION:

- 3.1 Do not dispose of cell into fire or dismantled under any condition.
- 3.2 Do not mix different cell types and capacities in the same battery assembly.
- 3.3 Charge and discharge under specified ambient temperature recommend to Tysonic battery's specification
- 3.4 Short circuit leading to cell venting must be avoided.
- 3.5 Never solder onto cell directly.
- 3.6 Cell reversal should be avoided.

4. NOTICE:

- 4.1 Use batteries in extreme condition may affect the service life, such as: extreme temperature 、 deep cycle、 extreme overcharge and over discharge.
- 4.2 Batteries should be stored in a cool, dry place
- 4.3 Once problems be found, stop using, send batteries to local agent.

5. STORAGE:

5.1 It is strongly recommended to stored Ni-MH batteries and cells in the temperature range from

 -20° C to 35° C, and in low humidity and no corrosive gas environment, to maintain a reasonably high capacity recovery level.

- 5.2 Avoid storage higher (e.g. 35°C), lower temperature than -20°C, or higher humidity which would result in deterioration or damage to the cells and batteries such as follows:
 - . Permanent capacity loss
 - . Electrolyte leakage resulted from the expansion or shrinkage of organic material inside the cells.
 - . Rust of metal parts.
- 5.3 Up to three full cycles of charge/discharge after long-term storage may need to obtain highest capacity.
- 5.4 Recommended every three months doing a battery release-charging.